

Transference, Counter-Transference and their Relationship to Therapeutic Action in Psychoanalysis

ATP II, Spring 2018

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"Without ... transference – of the intensity of the unconscious, of the infantile ways of experiencing life that have no language and little organization, but the indestructability and power of the origins of life – to the preconscious and to the present day life and contemporary objects – without such transference, or to the extent to which transference miscarries, human life becomes sterile and an empty shell.

... There is neither such a thing as reality nor a real relationship without transference. Any "real relationship" involves transfer of unconscious images to present day objects. In fact, present day objects are objects, and thus real, in the full sense of the word only to the extent to which this transference ... is realized."

Hans Loewald (1960)

Transference is a central concept in psychoanalytic psychotherapy. In this course, we will examine the concept of transference from its historical beginnings to its present elaborations. We will explore the usefulness of working with transference for understanding the past and helping to create therapeutic change in the present. We will look at different kinds of transferences and different ways of working with transference. We will also consider the relationship between transference and countertransference, touching on related concepts of projective identification, role responsiveness, enactment, the therapist's use of reverie, and the question of therapist self disclosure.

Throughout this course we will draw on clinical examples, from the literature and from our own work, to enrich and enliven our understanding. *In week 2, we will offer an initial presentation of a case to apply Freud's ideas about transference. In subsequent sessions of the seminar we will reexamine clinical process material from this case using different clinical theoretical perspectives on transference.*

As fundamental psychoanalytic concepts, transference and countertransference are closely tied to the question of what constitutes therapeutic action, that is, how do we best help our patients achieve growth and change?

The class is also encouraged to bring in brief vignettes with these questions in mind: How do I recognize the presence of transference or countertransference in this material? What is its nature? How can this understanding be used to deepen the work?

Syllabus

Week 1 - March 22 - Freud's discovery of Transference

- 1) Freud, S. (1905) Fragment of an Analysis of a Case of Hysteria. S. E., 7: 112-122, Postscript. <u>PEP Web Link</u>
- 2) Freud, S. (1912) The Dynamics of Transference. S. E., 12: 99-108. PEP Web Link

<u>Main topic for discussion</u>: The first of these readings is Freud's earliest concise description of the phenomenon of transference and the second elaborates his observations. Together they describe how Freud made the leap *from* transference as an impediment to teaching the patient about their neurosis *to* recognizing that the transference provides a lived repetition of the original conflict that created the patient's disturbance and an essential element for understanding and transforming neurotic symptoms.

<u>Learning objective for this session</u>: At the conclusion of the session the participants will be able to describe the nature of transference, the origin of transference in early life, and the double aspect of transference as both an obstacle to change and a means to change, all as these were conceptualized by Freud.

Week 2 - March 29 - Further development of Freud's ideas about transference

- 1) Loewald (1971) Transference neurosis. Journal of the American Psychoanalytic Association, 19:54-66. <u>PEP Web Link</u>
- 2) <u>Optional but highly recommended:</u> Freud, S. (1914) Remembering, Repeating, and Working Through. S. E., 12: 147-156. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

<u>Main topic for discussion</u>: These two readings bring a fuller description of transference as reflecting a "new edition" in the present of an original situation of conflict, providing the means to resolve forgotten trauma and repressed conflicts. The therapist must largely allow the transference the freedom to emerge unchallenged in the treatment, and with fullness of affect, to be gradually understood/interpreted with the patient.

<u>Learning objective for this session</u>: At the conclusion of the session the participants will be able to provide a detailed description of Freud's understanding of transference (and more specifically transference neurosis) as a repetition within the treatment that is initially

visible "in action," but gradually can become understood as an emotionally charged "memory" leading to resolution of unconscious conflicts.

Week 3 - April 12 - The central role of transference in ego psychology

1) Bird, B. (1972) Notes on Transference: Universal Phenomenon and Hardest Part of Analysis. Journal of the American Psychoanalytic Association, 20: pp. 267-301. <u>PEP</u> <u>Web Link</u>

<u>Main topic for discussion</u>: This paper offers a deepened understanding of the mental capacity to form transferences and specifically the *transference neurosis*, the required deep involvement of the analyst/therapist in the emergence of the transference neurosis, and thus the centrality of the countertransference. Bird further considers the tendency to focus on libidinal aspects of the transference at the expense of aggressive aspects that often appear in the form of seemingly intractable resistances. Bird, like Loewald, also draws a distinction between 'ordinary' and automatic transference reactions, the transference neurosis, and reactions based in 'reality' – a distinction that continues to haunt and confuse.

<u>Learning objective for this session</u>: At the conclusion of the session the participants will be able to define 'transference neurosis,' conceptualized as distinct from the transference reactions characteristic of all human relationships, and be able to discuss the roots of the neurosis in early conflicts about both love and aggression.

Week 4 - April 19 - Countertransference emerges as central concept

- 1) Heimann, P. (1950) On Counter-transference. Int. J. Psychoanalysis 31: 81-84. <u>PEP</u> <u>Web Link</u>
- 2) Tower, L (1956) Countertransference. Journal of the American Psychoanalytic Association, 4: 224-255. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

<u>Main topic for discussion</u>: Our readings move away from viewing countertransference as "analyst's blind spot," and something to eradicate, to viewing countertransference as inevitable transferences of the analyst within the dyad arising both from the therapist's internal world and in response to the patient. This perspective also brings attention to the "real" analyst as a source of patient's phantasies and associations.

<u>Learning objective for this session</u>: At the conclusion of the session the participants will be able to describe a difference between old views on countertransference as a hindrance to psychoanalytic discourse and modern views - transference in the analyst – which, together with the patient's transference, allows for the emergence of a combined dynamic unconscious.

Week 5 – April 26 - Self psychological views of transference and entering the patient' experience

- 1) Ornstein, A (1990). Chapter 5: Selfobject Transferences and the Process of Working Through. Progress in Self Psychology, 6:41-58. <u>PEP Web Link</u>
- 2) Schwaber E. A. (1992) Countertransference: The analyst's retreat from the patient's vantage point. The International Journal of PsychoAnalysis, 73: 349-361. <u>PEP Web</u> <u>Link</u>

<u>Main topic for discussion</u>: Self-object transference is concerned with the patient's momentto-moment self-experience. Self-object transference is established in response to deficits and developmental arrests rather than intrapsychic conflicts.

<u>Learning objective for this session</u>: At the conclusion of the session the participants will be able to describe self-object transferences in analytic and other relationships as well as different ways of working with these transferences and the related defenses.

Week 6 - May 3 - The transference use of the analyst

- 1) Winnicott, D. W. (1969) The Use of An Object. International Journal of Psycho-Analysis, 50: 711-716. <u>PEP Web Link</u>
- 2) Sandler, J. (1976) Counter-transference and Role-Responsiveness. International Review of PsychoAnalysis, 3: 43-47. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

<u>Main topic for discussion</u>: The central theme of this weeks readings is how the patient experiences and uses the therapist developmentally (in contrast to predominantly as an interpreter) to achieve greater self differentiation, relying on the therapist's capacity to respond at the developmental and emotional level required by the patient.

<u>Learning objective for this session</u>: At the conclusion of the session the participants will be able to describe how a range of developmental needs may become evident within the transference/countertransference matrix at different times and discuss how the therapist can recognize and respond to these needs while maintaining the treatment frame.

Week 7 - May 10 - Neo-Kleinians and Bion

- 1) Bell, D. (2001) Projective Identification. (Chapter 9, pp. 129-147) In: Bronstein, C., Ed., <u>Kleinian Theory: a contemporary perspective.</u> Whurr Publishers Ltd., London and Philadelphia. [Available in the library. Check the reading folder or request from <u>library@bpsi.org</u>]
- 2) Brown, L.J. (2010) Klein, Bion, and Intersubjectivity: Becoming, Transforming, and Dreaming. Psychoanalytic Dialogues, 20:669-682. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

<u>Main topic for discussion</u>: Transference as a total situation is an actualized living experience of the patient in analysis. Analyst and patient co-create a narrative based on a notion of a shared unconscious phantasy.

<u>Learning objective for this session</u>: At the conclusion of the session participants will be able to describe the concept of projection/introjection as used within contemporary Kleinian theory and will be able to apply this concept to a clinical situation.

Week 8 - May 17 - Mutual involvement in therapeutic process (intersubjectivity)

- 1) Stolorow, R. & Lachman, F. (1984) Transference: The future of an illusion. Annual of Psychoanalysis 12:19-37. <u>PEP Web Link</u>
- 2) McLaughlin, J.T. (1991) Clinical and Theoretical Aspects of Enactment. Journal of the American Psychoanalytic Association, 39: 595-614. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

<u>Main topic for discussion</u>: Analytic enactments are viewed as events occurring within the psychoanalytic dyad that both parties experience as being the consequence of behavior in the other. Analytic material emerges from interplay between the minds of patient and analyst. Analysts have different reactions to being their patients' transference objects. The analyst's relationship (transference) to analytic theory may play a significant role in that reaction.

<u>Learning objective for this session</u>: At the conclusion of the session participants will be able to describe the evolving understanding of the concept of enactment from viewing it as "misbehavior" on the patient's or analyst's part to viewing it as inevitable co-creation of the analytic dyad, and will be able to describe the role played by self-analysis in modern psychoanalytic treatment.

Week 9 – May 24 - Transference and countertransference in work with patients who suffered early trauma

1) Davies, J. & Frawley, M.G. (1994) <u>Treating the Adult Survivor of Childhood Abuse: a</u> <u>psychoanalytic perspective.</u> Basic Books: New York. NY. Chapters 8 & 9, pp 149-185. [Available in the library. Check the reading folder or request from <u>library@bpsi.org</u>]

<u>Main topic for discussion</u>: We will examine the impact of early trauma on a person's defensive adaptations (e.g., dissociation, splitting, denial) and internal object relations and explore how these developmental disruptions become manifest in the transference/countertransference milieu of the therapy.

<u>Learning objective for this session</u>: At the conclusion of the session participants will be able to discuss the ways that transference and countertransference are altered when an individual has suffered early trauma that disrupts/distorts internalized object relations.

Week 10 - May 31 - Erotic Transference and the analyst's needs

- 1) Freud, S. (1915) Observations on Transference Love. S. E., 12: 159-171. PEP Web Link
- 2) Morris, H (2016) The Analyst's Offer. Journal of the American Psychoanalytic Association, 64:1173-1187. [Available in the library. <u>Download in the library</u>, check the reading folder or request from <u>library@bpsi.org</u>]

<u>Main topic for discussion</u>: What is Transference Love? Is Transference Love the same as "real" love? What is the role of seduction in psychoanalytic encounter? Our main topic for discussion is the origin of Erotic Transference, ways of handling this difficult aspect of psychoanalysis, as well as the analyst's contribution to the development of it.

<u>Learning objective for this session</u>: At the conclusion of the session the participants will be able to discuss vicissitudes of erotic transference/ countertransference and the complex and variably erotized nature of the analytic relationship.

Further Optional Reading:

Adler, G. (1980) Transference, real relationship and alliance. International Journal of Psycho-Analysis, 61:547-558. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Brenner, C. (1979) Working Alliance, Therapeutic Alliance, and Transference. Journal of the American Psychoanalytic Association, 27:137-157. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Brown, L.J. (2010) Klein, Bion, and Intersubjectivity: Becoming, Transforming, and Dreaming. Psychoanalytic Dialogues, 20:669-682. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Canestri, J. (1993). A cry of fire: some considerations on transference love. In: E.S. Person (ed.), On Freud's "Observations on Transference Love." Yale University Press: New Haven, CT, 146-154. [Available in the library. Check the reading folder or request from library@bpsi.org]

Cooper, A. (1987) Changes in Psychoanalytic Ideas: Transference Interpretation. Journal of the American Psychoanalytic Association, 35: 99-118. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Cooper, A. (1988) Our Changing Views of the Therapeutic Action of Psychoanalysis: Comparing Strachey and Loewald. Psychoanalytic Quarterly, 58: 15-27. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Ferenczi, S. (1949) Confusion of Tongues Between the Adult and the Child (The Language of Tenderness and of Passion). The International Journal of PsychoAnalysis, 30: 225-230. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Freud, S. (1910) Five Lectures on Psychoanalysis. S. E., 11: 49-55. PEP Web Link

Ferro, A. (2002) Some Implications of Bion's Thought: The Waking Dream and Narrative Derivatives. The International Journal of PsychoAnalysis, 83 (3): 597-607. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Ferro, A. (2006) Clinical Implications of Bion's Thought. The International Journal of PsychoAnalysis, 87 (4): 989-1003. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Greenberg, J. (1991) Countertransference and Reality. Psychoanalytic Dialogues, 1:52-73. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Jacobs, T. (1996) Analysis, Mutual Analysis, and Self Analysis: On the Interplay of Minds in the Analytic Process. Canadian Journal of Psychoanalysis, 4: 255-277. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Joseph, B. (1985) Transference: The Total Situation. The International Journal of Psycho-Analysis, 66: 447-454. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Loewald, H. (1975) Psychoanalysis as an Art and the Fantasy Character of the Psychoanalytic Situation. Journal of the American Psychoanalytic Association, 23:277-299. <u>PEP Web Link</u> Loewald, H. (1960) On the Therapeutic Action of Psycho-Analysis. International Journal of Psycho-Analysis, 41:16-33. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

McLaughlin, J.T. (1987) The Play of Transference: Some Reflections on Enactment in the Psychoanalytic Situation. Journal of the American Psychoanalytic Association, 35:557-582. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

McLaughlin, J.T., (1981) Transference, Psychic Reality, and Countertransference. Psychoanalytic Quarterly, 50: 639-664. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Meissner, W.W. (2009). Toward a Neuropsychological Reconstruction of Projective Identification Journal of the American Psychoanalytic Association, 57:95-129. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Ogden, T. (1994) Analyzing the matrix of the transference-countertransference. In: Subjects of Analysis. Jason Aronson, Inc.: Northvale, NJ. [Available in the library. Check the reading folder or request from <u>library@bpsi.org</u>]

Ogden, T. (2005) Forward to Ferro, A., The genesis of suffering and the role of psychoanalysis. In: Dana Birksted-Breen (ed.), The New Library of Psychoanalysis: Seeds of Illness, Seeds of Recovery. Bruner Routledge, NY, ixxiii. [Available in the library. Check the reading folder or request from <u>library@bpsi.org</u>]

Stern, D., Sander, L., Nahum, J., Harrison, A., Lyons-Ruth, K., Morgan, A., Bruschweiler-Stern, N., Tronick, E. (1998) Non-Interpretive Mechanisms in Psychoanalytic Therapy: The "Something More" Than Interpretation. The International Journal of PsychoAnalysis, 79(5): 903-921. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Tessman, L. H. (1999) A cry of fire, an old flame, and the matter of the fireplace. In D. Bassin (ed.), Female Sexuality: Contemporary Engagements. Jason Aronson, Inc., NJ, 33-48. [Available in the library. Check the reading folder or request from <u>library@bpsi.org</u>]

Tolpin, M. (2002) Chapter 11, Psychoanalysis of Normal Development: Forward edge transferences. Progress in Self Psychology. 18: 167-190. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Westen, D., Gabbard, G. (2002) Developments in Cognitive Neuroscience II: Implications for Theories of Transference. Journal of the American Psychoanalytic Association, 50 (1), 99-134. <u>PEP Web Link</u>

Whitebook, J. (2002) Psychoanalysis and "The Disenchantment of the World." Journal of the American Psychoanalytic Association, 50: 1197-1217. <u>PEP Web Link</u>